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H. R. 1474

[Report No. 108-132]

To facilitate check truncation by authorizing substitute checks, to foster innovation in the check collection system without mandating receipt of checks in electronic form, and to improve the overall efficiency of the Nation's payments system, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 27, 2003

Ms. Hart (for herself, Mr. Ford, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Oxley, Mr. Bachus, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Jones of North Carolina, Mr. Royce, Mrs. Kelly, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Gillmor, Mr. Hinojosa, Mr. Lucas of Kentucky, Mr. Ross, Mrs. McCarthy of New York, Mr. McIntyre, Ms. Norton, and Mr. Boswell) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

June 2, 2003

Additional sponsors: Mr. Shays, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Ney, Ms. Pryce of Ohio, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Moore, Mr. Clay, Ms. Harris, Mr. Hensarling, Mrs. Maloney, Mr. Kennedy of Minnesota, Mr. Rodriguez, Mr. Cunningham, Mr. King of New York, and Mr. Murphy

June 2, 2003

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on March 27, 2003]

A BILL

To facilitate check truncation by authorizing substitute checks, to foster innovation in the check collection system without mandating receipt of checks in electronic form, and to improve the overall efficiency of the Nation's payments system, and for other purposes.

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1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS; PURPOSES.
4	(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
5	"Check Clearing for the 21st Century Act".
6	(b) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:
7	(1) In the Expedited Funds Availability Act, en-
8	acted on August 10, 1987, the Congress directed the
9	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to
10	consider establishing regulations requiring Federal re-
11	serve banks and depository institutions to provide for
12	check truncation, in order to improve the check proc-
13	essing system.
14	(2) In that same Act, the Congress—
15	(A) provided the Board of Governors of the
16	Federal Reserve System with full authority to
17	regulate all aspects of the payment system, in-

1	cluding the receipt, payment, collection, and
2	clearing of checks, and related functions of the
3	payment system pertaining to checks; and
4	(B) directed that the exercise of such author-
5	ity by the Board superseded any State law, in-
6	cluding the Uniform Commercial Code, as in ef-
7	fect in any State.
8	(3) Check truncation is no less desirable today
9	for both financial service customers and the financial
10	services industry, to reduce costs, improve efficiency
11	in check collections, and expedite funds availability
12	for customers than it was over 15 years ago when
13	Congress first directed the Board to consider estab-
14	lishing such a process.
15	(c) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are as fol-
16	lows:
17	(1) To facilitate check truncation by authorizing
18	substitute checks.
19	(2) To foster innovation in the check collection
20	system without mandating receipt of checks in elec-
21	$tronic\ form.$
22	(3) To improve the overall efficiency of the Na-
23	tion's payments system.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2	For purposes of this Act, the following definitions shall
3	apply:
4	(1) Account.—The term "account" means a de-
5	posit account at a bank.
6	(2) Bank.—The term "bank" means any person
7	that is located in a State and engaged in the business
8	of banking and includes—
9	(A) any depository institution (as defined
10	in section $19(b)(1)(A)$ of the Federal Reserve
11	Act);
12	(B) any Federal reserve bank;
13	(C) any Federal home loan bank; or
14	(D) to the extent it acts as a payor—
15	(i) the Treasury of the United States;
16	(ii) the United States Postal Service;
17	(iii) a State government; or
18	(iv) a unit of general local government
19	(as defined in section 602(24) of the Expe-
20	$dited\ Funds\ Availability\ Act).$
21	(3) Banking terms.—
22	(A) Claimant Bank.—The term "claimant
23	bank" means a bank that submits a claim for re-
24	credit under section 7 to an indemnifying bank

1	(B) Collecting bank.—The term "col-
2	lecting bank" means any bank handling a check
3	for collection except the paying bank.
4	(C) Depositary bank.—The term "deposi-
5	tary bank" means—
6	(i) the first bank to which a check is
7	transferred, even if such bank is also the
8	paying bank or the payee; or
9	(ii) a bank to which a check is trans-
10	ferred for deposit in an account at such
11	bank, even if the check is physically received
12	and indorsed first by another bank.
13	(D) Paying Bank.—The term "paying
14	bank" means—
15	(i) the bank by which a check is pay-
16	able, unless the check is payable at or
17	through another bank and is sent to the
18	other bank for payment or collection; or
19	(ii) the bank at or through which a
20	check is payable and to which the check is
21	sent for payment or collection.
22	(E) Returning bank.—
23	(i) In General.—The term "returning
24	bank" means a bank (other than the paying

1	or depositary bank) handling a returned
2	check or notice in lieu of return.
3	(ii) Treatment as collecting
4	BANK.—No provision of this Act shall be
5	construed as affecting the treatment of a re-
6	turning bank as a collecting bank for pur-
7	poses of section 4–202(b) of the Uniform
8	$Commercial\ Code.$
9	(4) Board.—The term "Board" means the
10	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
11	(5) Business day.—The term "business day"
12	has the same meaning as in section 602(3) of the Ex-
13	pedited Funds Availability Act.
14	(6) CHECK.—The term "check"—
15	(A) means a draft, payable on demand and
16	drawn on or payable through or at an office of
17	a bank, whether or not negotiable, that is han-
18	dled for forward collection or return, including a
19	substitute check and a travelers check; and
20	(B) does not include a noncash item or an
21	item payable in a medium other than United
22	States dollars.
23	(7) Consumer.—The term "consumer" means
24	an individual who—

1	(A) with respect to a check handled for for-
2	ward collection, draws the check on a consumer
3	account; or
4	(B) with respect to a check handled for re-
5	turn, deposits the check into, or cashes the check
6	against, a consumer account.
7	(8) Consumer Account.—The term "consumer
8	account" has the same meaning as in section 602(10)
9	of the Expedited Funds Availability Act.
10	(9) Customer.—The term "customer" means a
11	person having an account with a bank.
12	(10) FORWARD COLLECTION.—The term "for-
13	ward collection" means the transfer by a bank of a
14	check to a collecting bank for settlement or the paying
15	bank for payment.
16	(11) Indemnifying bank.—The term "indem-
17	nifying bank" means a bank that is providing an in-
18	demnity under section 5 with respect to a substitute
19	check.
20	(12) MICR LINE.—The terms "MICR line" and
21	"magnetic ink character recognition line" mean the
22	numbers, which may include the bank routing num-
23	ber, account number, check number, check amount,

and other information, that are printed near the bot-

1	tom of a check in magnetic ink in accordance with
2	generally applicable industry standards.
3	(13) Noncash item.—The term "noncash item"
4	has the same meaning as in section 602(14) of the
5	Expedited Funds Availability Act.
6	(14) Person.—The term "person" means a nat-
7	ural person, corporation, unincorporated company,
8	partnership, government unit or instrumentality,
9	trust, or any other entity or organization.
10	(15) Reconverting bank.—The term "recon-
11	verting bank" means—
12	(A) the bank that creates a substitute check;
13	or
14	(B) if a substitute check is created by a per-
15	son other than a bank, the first bank that trans-
16	fers or presents such substitute check.
17	(16) Substitute Check.—The term "substitute
18	check" means a paper reproduction of the original
19	check that—
20	(A) contains an image of the front and back
21	of the original check;
22	(B) bears a MICR line containing all the
23	information appearing on the MICR line of the
24	original check, except as provided under gen-
25	erally applicable industry standards for sub-

1	stitute checks to facilitate the processing of sub-
2	stitute checks;
3	(C) conforms, in paper stock, dimension,
4	and otherwise, with generally applicable indus-
5	try standards for substitute checks; and
6	(D) is suitable for automated processing in
7	the same manner as the original check.
8	(17) State.—The term "State" has the same
9	meaning as in section $3(a)(3)$ of the Federal Deposit
10	Insurance Act.
11	(18) Truncate.—The term "truncate" means to
12	remove an original paper check from the check collec-
13	tion or return process and send to a recipient, in lieu
14	of such original paper check, a substitute check or, by
15	agreement, information relating to the original check
16	(including data taken from the MICR line of the
17	original check or an electronic image of the original
18	check), whether with or without subsequent delivery of
19	the original paper check.
20	(19) Uniform commercial code.—The term
21	"Uniform Commercial Code" means the Uniform
22	Commercial Code in effect in a State.
23	(20) Other terms.—Unless the context requires
24	otherwise, the terms not defined in this section shall

1	have the same meanings as in the Uniform Commer-
2	cial Code.
3	SEC. 3. GENERAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING SUBSTITUTE
4	CHECKS.
5	(a) No Agreement Required.—A person may de-
6	posit, present, or send for collection or return a substitute
7	check without an agreement with the recipient, so long as
8	a bank has made the warranties in section 4 with respect
9	to such substitute check.
10	(b) Legal Equivalence.—A substitute check shall be
11	the legal equivalent of the original check for all purposes,
12	including any provision of any Federal or State law, and
13	for all persons if the substitute check—
14	(1) accurately represents all of the information
15	on the front and back of the original check as of the
16	time the original check was truncated; and
17	(2) bears the legend: "This is a legal copy of
18	your check. You can use it the same way you would
19	use the original check.".
20	(c) Endorsements.—A bank shall ensure that the
21	substitute check for which the bank is the reconverting bank
22	bears all endorsements applied by parties that previously
23	handled the check (whether in electronic form or in the form
24	of the original paper check or a substitute check) for forward
25	collection or return.

- 1 (d) Identification of Reconverting Bank.—A
- 2 bank shall identify itself as a reconverting bank on any sub-
- 3 stitute check for which the bank is a reconverting bank so
- 4 as to preserve any previous reconverting bank identifica-
- 5 tions in conformance with generally applicable industry
- 6 standards.
- 7 (e) APPLICABLE LAW.—A substitute check that is the
- 8 legal equivalent of the original check under subsection (b)
- 9 shall be subject to any provision, including any provision
- 10 relating to the protection of customers, of part 229 of title
- 11 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Uniform Com-
- 12 mercial Code, and any other applicable Federal or State
- 13 law as if such substitute check were the original check, to
- 14 the extent such provision of law is not inconsistent with
- 15 this Act.

16 SEC. 4. SUBSTITUTE CHECK WARRANTIES.

- 17 A bank that transfers, presents, or returns a substitute
- 18 check and receives consideration for the check warrants, as
- 19 a matter of law, to the transferee, any subsequent collecting
- 20 or returning bank, the depositary bank, the drawee, the
- 21 drawer, the payee, the depositor, and any endorser (regard-
- 22 less of whether the warrantee receives the substitute check
- 23 or another paper or electronic form of the substitute check
- 24 or original check) that—

- 1 (1) the substitute check meets all the require-2 ments for legal equivalence under section 3(b); and
- 3 (2) no depositary bank, drawee, drawer, or en-4 dorser will receive presentment or return of the sub-5 stitute check, the original check, or a copy or other 6 paper or electronic version of the substitute check or 7 original check such that the bank, drawee, drawer, or 8 endorser will be asked to make a payment based on 9 a check that the bank, drawee, drawer, or endorser 10 has already paid.

11 SEC. 5. INDEMNITY.

- 12 (a) Indemnity.—A reconverting bank and each bank 13 that subsequently transfers, presents, or returns a substitute check in any electronic or paper form, and receives consid-14 15 eration for such transfer, presentment, or return shall indemnify the transferee, any subsequent collecting or returning bank, the depositary bank, the drawer, the drawer, the payee, the depositor, and any endorser, up to the amount 18 19 described in subsections (b) and (c), as applicable, to the extent of any loss incurred by any recipient of a substitute 20 21 check if that loss occurred due to the receipt of a substitute 22 check instead of the original check.
- 23 (b) Indemnity Amount.—
- 24 (1) Amount in event of breach of war-25 Ranty.—The amount of the indemnity under sub-

1	section (a) shall be the amount of any loss (including
2	costs and reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses
3	of representation) proximately caused by a breach of
4	a warranty provided under section 4.
5	(2) Amount in absence of breach of war-
6	RANTY.—In the absence of a breach of a warranty
7	provided under section 4, the amount of the indem-
8	nity under subsection (a) shall be the sum of—
9	(A) the amount of any loss, up to the
10	amount of the substitute check; and
11	(B) interest and expenses (including costs
12	and reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses
13	$of\ representation).$
14	(c) Comparative Negligence.—If a loss described in
15	subsection (a) results in whole or in part from the neg-
16	ligence or failure to act in good faith on the part of an
17	indemnified party, then that party's indemnification under
18	this section shall be reduced in proportion to the amount
19	of negligence or bad faith attributable to that party.
20	(d) Effect of Producing Original Check or
21	Copy.—
22	(1) In general.—If the indemnifying bank pro-
23	duces the original check or a copy of the original
24	check (including an image or a substitute check) that
25	accurately represents all of the information on the

1	front and back of the original check (as of the time
2	the original check was truncated) or is otherwise suf-
3	ficient to determine whether or not a claim is valid,
4	the indemnifying bank shall—
5	(A) be liable under this section only for
6	losses covered by the indemnity that are incurred
7	up to the time the original check or such copy
8	is provided to the indemnified party; and
9	(B) have a right to the return of any funds
10	the bank has paid under the indemnity in excess
11	of those losses.
12	(2) Coordination of indemnity with implied
13	WARRANTY.—The production of the original check, a
14	substitute check, or a copy under paragraph (1) by an
15	indemnifying bank shall not absolve the bank from
16	any liability on a warranty established under this
17	Act or any other provision of law.
18	(e) Subrogation of Rights.—
19	(1) In General.—Each indemnifying bank shall
20	be subrogated to the rights of any indemnified party
21	to the extent of the indemnity.
22	(2) Recovery under Warranty.—A bank that
23	indemnifies a party under this section may attempt
24	to recover from another party based on a warranty

or other claim.

1	(3) Duty of indemnified party.—Each in-
2	demnified party shall have a duty to comply with all
3	reasonable requests for assistance from an indem-
4	nifying bank in connection with any claim the in-
5	demnifying bank brings against a warrantor or other
6	party related to a check that forms the basis for the
7	in demnification.
8	SEC. 6. EXPEDITED RECREDIT FOR CONSUMERS.
9	(a) Recredit Claims.—
10	(1) In General.—A consumer may make a
11	claim for expedited recredit from the bank that holds
12	the account of the consumer with respect to a sub-
13	stitute check, if the consumer asserts in good faith
14	that—
15	(A) the bank charged the consumer's ac-
16	count for a substitute check that was provided to
17	$the\ consumer;$
18	(B) either—
19	(i) the check was not properly charged
20	to the consumer's account; or
21	(ii) the consumer has a warranty
22	claim with respect to such substitute check;
23	(C) the consumer suffered a resulting loss;
24	and

1	(D) the production of the original check or
2	a better copy of the original check is necessary
3	to determine the validity of any claim described
4	in subparagraph (B).
5	(2) 30-day period.—Any claim under para-
6	graph (1) with respect to a consumer account may be
7	submitted by a consumer before the end of the 30-
8	day period beginning on the later of—
9	(A) the date on which the consumer receives
10	the periodic statement of account for such ac-
11	count which contains information concerning the
12	transaction giving rise to the claim; or
13	(B) the date the substitute check is made
14	available to the consumer.
15	(3) Extension under extenuating cir-
16	CUMSTANCES.—If the consumer's ability to submit the
17	claim within the 30-day period under paragraph (2)
18	is delayed due to extenuating circumstances, includ-
19	ing extended travel or the illness of the consumer, the
20	30-day period shall be extended for a total not to ex-
21	ceed 30 additional days.
22	(b) Procedures for Claims.—
23	(1) In general.—To make a claim for an expe-
24	dited recredit under subsection (a) with respect to a

1	substitute check, the consumer shall provide to the
2	bank that holds the account of such consumer—
3	(A) a description of the claim, including an
4	explanation of—
5	(i) why the substitute check was not
6	properly charged to the consumer's account;
7	or
8	(ii) the warranty claim with respect to
9	such check;
10	(B) a statement that the consumer suffered
11	a loss and an estimate of the amount of the loss;
12	(C) the reason why production of the origi-
13	nal check or a better copy of the original check
14	is necessary to determine the validity of the
15	charge to the consumer's account or the warranty
16	claim; and
17	(D) sufficient information to identify the
18	substitute check and to investigate the claim.
19	(2) Claim in writing.—The bank holding the
20	consumer account that is the subject of a claim by the
21	consumer under subsection (a) may, in the discretion
22	of the bank, require the consumer to submit the infor-
23	mation required under paragraph (1) in writing.
24	(c) Recredit to Consumer.—

1	(1) Conditions for recredit.—The bank shall
2	recredit a consumer account in accordance with para-
3	graph (2) for the amount of a substitute check that
4	was charged against the consumer account if—
5	(A) a consumer submits a claim to the bank
6	with respect to that substitute check that meets
7	the requirement of subsection (b); and
8	(B) the bank has not provided to the con-
9	sumer the original check, a substitute check, or a
10	copy of the original check and demonstrates that
11	the substitute check was properly charged to the
12	consumer's account.
13	(2) Timing of recredit.—
14	(A) In general.—The bank shall recredit
15	the consumer's account for the amount described
16	in paragraph (1) no later than the end of the
17	business day following the business day on which
18	the bank determines the consumer's claim is
19	valid.
20	(B) Recredit pending investigation.—
21	If the bank has not yet determined that the con-
22	sumer's claim is valid before the end of the 10th
23	business day after the business day on which the
24	consumer submitted the claim, the bank shall re-
25	credit the consumer's account for—

1	(i) the lesser of the amount of the sub-
2	stitute check that was charged against the
3	consumer account, or \$2,500, together with
4	interest if the account is an interest-bearing
5	account, no later than the end of such 10th
6	business day; and
7	(ii) the remaining amount of the sub-
8	stitute check that was charged against the
9	consumer account, if any, together with in-
10	terest if the account is an interest-bearing
11	account, not later than the 45th calendar
12	day following the business day on which the
13	consumer submits the claim.
14	(d) Availability of Recredit.—
15	(1) Next business day availability.—Except
16	as provided in paragraph (2), a bank that provides
17	a recredit to a consumer account under subsection (c)
18	shall make the recredited funds available for with-
19	drawal by the consumer by the start of the next busi-
20	ness day after the business day on which the bank re-
21	credits the consumer's account under subsection (c).

(2) SAFEGUARD EXCEPTIONS.—A bank may delay availability to a consumer of a recredit provided under subsection (c)(2)(B)(i) until the start of either the business day following the business day on

1	which the bank determines that the consumer's claim
2	is valid or the 45th calendar day following the busi-
3	ness day on which the consumer submits a claim for
4	such recredit in accordance with subsection (b),
5	whichever is earlier, in any of the following cir-
6	cumstances:
7	(A) New accounts.—The claim is made
8	during the 30-day period beginning on the busi-
9	ness day the consumer account was established.
10	(B) Repeated overdrafts.—Without re-
11	gard to the charge that is the subject of the claim
12	for which the recredit was made—
13	(i) on 6 or more business days during
14	the 6-month period ending on the date on
15	which the consumer submits the claim, the
16	balance in the consumer account was nega-
17	tive or would have become negative if checks
18	or other charges to the account had been
19	paid; or
20	(ii) on 2 or more business days during
21	such 6-month period, the balance in the con-
22	sumer account was negative or would have
23	become negative in the amount of \$5,000 or
24	more if checks or other charges to the ac-
25	count had been paid.

1	(C) Prevention of fraud losses.—The
2	bank has reasonable cause to believe that the
3	claim is fraudulent, based on facts (other than
4	the fact that the check in question or the con-
5	sumer is of a particular class) that would cause
6	a well-grounded belief in the mind of a reason-
7	able person that the claim is fraudulent.
8	(3) Overdraft fees.—No bank that, in accord-
9	ance with paragraph (2), delays the availability of a
10	recredit under subsection (c) to any consumer account
11	may impose any overdraft fees with respect to drafts
12	drawn by the consumer on such recredited amount be-
13	fore the end of the 5-day period beginning on the date
14	notice of the delay in the availability of such amount
15	is sent by the bank to the consumer.
16	(e) REVERSAL OF RECREDIT.—A bank may reverse a
17	recredit to a consumer account if the bank—
18	(1) determines that a substitute check for which
19	the bank recredited a consumer account under sub-
20	section (c) was in fact properly charged to the con-
21	sumer account; and
22	(2) notifies the consumer in accordance with sub-
23	section $(f)(3)$.
24	(f) Notice to Consumer.—

1	(1) Notice if consumer claim not valid.—If
2	a bank determines that a substitute check subject to
3	the consumer's claim was in fact properly charged to
4	the consumer's account, the bank shall send to the
5	consumer, no later than the business day following the
6	business day on which the bank makes a determina-
7	tion—
8	(A) the original check or a copy of the origi-
9	nal check (including an image or a substitute
10	check) that—
11	(i) accurately represents all of the in-
12	formation on the front and back of the
13	original check (as of the time the original
14	check was truncated); or
15	(ii) is otherwise sufficient to determine
16	whether or not the consumer's claim is
17	valid; and
18	(B) an explanation of the basis for the de-
19	termination by the bank that the substitute check
20	was properly charged, including copies of any
21	information or documents on which the bank re-
22	lied in making the determination.
23	(2) Notice of recredit.—If a bank recredits a
24	consumer account under subsection (c), the bank shall
25	send to the consumer, no later than the business day

1	following the business day on which the bank makes
2	the recredit, a notice of—
3	(A) the amount of the recredit; and
4	(B) the date the recredited funds will be
5	available for withdrawal.
6	(3) Notice of Reversal of Recredit.—In ad-
7	dition to the notice required under paragraph (1), if
8	a bank reverses a recredited amount under subsection
9	(e), the bank shall send to the consumer, no later than
10	the business day following the business day on which
11	the bank reverses the recredit, a notice of—
12	(A) the amount of the reversal; and
13	(B) the date the recredit was reversed.
14	(4) Mode of Delivery.—A notice described in
15	this subsection shall be delivered by United States
16	mail or by any other means through which the con-
17	sumer has agreed to receive account information.
18	(g) Other Claims Not Affected.—Providing a re-
19	credit in accordance with this section shall not absolve the
20	bank from liability for a claim made under any other law,
21	such as a claim for wrongful dishonor under the Uniform
22	Commercial Code, or from liability for additional damages
23	under section 5 or 9.
24	(h) Clarification Concerning Consumer Posses-
25	SION.—A consumer who was provided a substitute check

1	may make a claim for an expedited recredit under this sec-
2	tion with regard to a transaction involving the substitute
3	check whether or not the consumer is in possession of the
4	substitute check.
5	(i) Scope of Application.—This section shall only
6	apply to customers who are consumers.
7	SEC. 7. EXPEDITED RECREDIT PROCEDURES FOR BANKS.
8	(a) Recredit Claims.—
9	(1) In general.—A bank may make a claim
10	against an indemnifying bank for expedited recredit
11	for which that bank is indemnified if—
12	(A) the claimant bank (or a bank that the
13	claimant bank has indemnified) has received a
14	claim for expedited recredit from a consumer
15	under section 6 with respect to a substitute check
16	or would have been subject to such a claim had
17	the consumer's account been charged;
18	(B) the claimant bank has suffered a result-
19	ing loss or is obligated to recredit a consumer ac-
20	count under section 6 with respect to such sub-
21	stitute check; and
22	(C) production of the original check, an-
23	other substitute check, or a better copy of the
24	original check is necessary to determine the va-
25	lidity of the charge to the customer account or

1	any warranty claim connected with such sub-
2	stitute check.
3	(2) 120-DAY PERIOD.—Any claim under para-
4	graph (1) may be submitted by the claimant bank to
5	an indemnifying bank before the end of the 120-day
6	beginning on the date of the transaction that gave rise
7	to the claim.
8	(b) Procedures for Claims.—
9	(1) In general.—To make a claim under sub-
10	section (a) for an expedited recredit relating to a sub-
11	stitute check, the claimant bank shall send to the in-
12	demnifying bank—
13	(A) a description of—
14	(i) the claim, including an explanation
15	of why the substitute check cannot be prop-
16	erly charged to the consumer account; or
17	(ii) the warranty claim;
18	(B) a statement that the claimant bank has
19	suffered a loss or is obligated to recredit the con-
20	sumer's account under section 6, together with
21	an estimate of the amount of the loss or recredit;
22	(C) the reason why production of the origi-
23	nal check, another substitute check, or a better
24	copy of the original check is necessary to deter-

1	mine the validity of the charge to the consumer
2	account or the warranty claim; and
3	(D) information sufficient for the indem-
4	nifying bank to identify the substitute check and
5	to investigate the claim.
6	(2) Requirements relating to copies of
7	SUBSTITUTE CHECKS.—If the information submitted
8	by a claimant bank pursuant to paragraph (1) in
9	connection with a claim for an expedited recredit in-
10	cludes a copy of any substitute check for which any
11	such claim is made, the claimant bank shall take rea-
12	sonable steps to ensure that any such copy cannot
13	be—
14	(A) mistaken for the legal equivalent of the
15	check under section 3(b); or
16	(B) sent or handled by any bank, including
17	the indemnifying bank, as a forward collection
18	or returned check.
19	(3) Claim in Writing.—An indemnifying bank
20	may, in the bank's discretion, require the claimant
21	bank to submit in writing the information required
22	by paragraph (1), including a copy of the written
23	claim, if any, that the consumer submitted in accord-
24	ance with section 6(b).
25	(c) Recredit by Indemnifying Bank.—

1	(1) Prompt action required.—No later than
2	10 business days after the business day on which an
3	indemnifying bank receives a claim under subsection
4	(a) from a claimant bank with respect to a substitute
5	check, the indemnifying bank shall—
6	(A) provide, to the claimant bank, the origi-
7	nal check (with respect to such substitute check)
8	or a copy of the original check (including an
9	image or a substitute check) that—
10	(i) accurately represents all of the in-
11	formation on the front and back of the
12	original check (as of the time the original
13	check was truncated); or
14	(ii) is otherwise sufficient to determine
15	the bank's claim is not valid; and
16	(B) recredit the claimant bank for the
17	amount of the claim up to the amount of the sub-
18	stitute check, plus interest if applicable; or
19	(C) provide information to the claimant
20	bank as to why the indemnifying bank is not ob-
21	ligated to comply with subparagraph (A) or (B).
22	(2) Recredit does not abrogate other li-
23	ABILITIES.—Providing a recredit under this sub-
24	section to a claimant bank with respect to a substitute
25	check shall not absolve the indemnifying bank from li-

- ability for claims brought under any other law or from additional damages under section 5 or 9 with respect to such check.
- 4 (3) Refund to indemnifying bank.—If a claimant bank reverses, in accordance with section 5 6 6(e), a recredit previously made to a consumer ac-7 count under section 6(c), or otherwise receives a credit 8 or recredit with regard to such substitute check, the 9 claimant bank shall promptly refund to any indem-10 nifying bank any amount previously advanced by the 11 indemnifying bank in connection with such substitute 12 check.
- (d) Production of Original Check or a Suffi14 Cient Copy Governed by Section 5(d).—If the indem15 nifying bank provides the claimant bank with the original
 16 check or a copy of the original check (including an image
 17 or a substitute check) under subsection (c)(1)(A), section
 18 5(d) shall govern any right of the indemnifying bank to
 19 any repayment of any funds the indemnifying bank has
 20 recredited to the claimant bank pursuant to subsection (c).

21 SEC. 8. DELAYS IN AN EMERGENCY.

Delay by a bank beyond the time limits prescribed or permitted by this Act is excused if the delay is caused by interruption of communication or computer facilities, suspension of payments by another bank, war, emergency con-

1	ditions, failure of equipment, or other circumstances beyond
2	the control of a bank and if the bank uses such diligence
3	as the circumstances require.
4	SEC. 9. MEASURE OF DAMAGES.
5	(a) Liability.—
6	(1) In general.—Except as provided in section
7	5, any person who, in connection with a substitute
8	check, breaches any warranty under this Act or fails
9	to comply with any requirement imposed by, or regu-
10	lation prescribed pursuant to, this Act with respect to
11	any other person shall be liable to such person in an
12	amount equal to the sum of—
13	(A) the lesser of—
14	(i) the amount of the loss suffered by
15	the other person as a result of the breach or
16	failure; or
17	(ii) the amount of the substitute check;
18	and
19	(B) interest and expenses (including costs
20	and reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses
21	of representation) related to the substitute check.
22	(2) Offset of recredits.—The amount of
23	damages any person receives under paragraph (1), if
24	any, shall be reduced by the amount, if any, that the

1 claimant receives and retains as a recredit under sec-2 tion 6 or 7. 3 (b) Comparative Negligence.—If a person incurs damages that resulted in whole or in part from the negligence or failure of that person to act in good faith, then the amount of any liability due to that person under subsection (a) shall be reduced in proportion to the amount 8 of negligence or bad faith attributable to that person. SEC. 10. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS AND NOTICE OF CLAIM. 10 (a) Actions Under This Act.— 11 (1) In general.—An action to enforce a claim 12 under this Act may be brought in any United States 13 district court, or in any other court of competent ju-14 risdiction, before the end of the 1-year period begin-15 ning on the date the cause of action accrues. 16 (2) ACCRUAL.—A cause of action accrues as of 17 the date the injured party first learns, or by which 18 such person reasonably should have learned, of the 19 facts and circumstances giving rise to the cause of ac-20 tion. 21 (b) Discharge of Claims.—Except as provided in 22 subsection (c), unless a person gives notice of a claim to 23 the indemnifying or warranting bank within 30 days after

the person has reason to know of the claim and the identity

of the indemnifying or warranting bank, the indemnifying

or warranting bank is discharged to the extent of any loss caused by the delay in giving notice of the claim. 3 (c) Notice of Claim by Consumer.—A timely claim by a consumer under section 6 for expedited recredit constitutes timely notice of a claim by the consumer for purposes of subsection (b). SEC. 11. CONSUMER AWARENESS. (a) In General.—Each bank shall provide, in accord-8 ance with subsection (b), a brief notice about substitute checks that describes— 10 11 (1) the process of check substitution and how the 12 process may be different than the check clearing proc-13 ess with which the consumer may be familiar; and 14 (2) a description of the consumer recredit rights 15 established under section 6 when a consumer believes 16 in good faith that a substitute check was not properly 17 charged to the consumer's account. 18 (b) Distribution.— 19 (1) Existing customers.—With respect to con-20 sumers that are customers of a bank on the effective 21 date of this Act, a bank shall provide the notice de-22 scribed in subsection (a) to each such consumer no

later than the first regularly scheduled communica-

tion with the consumer after the effective date of this

Act.

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- (2) NEW ACCOUNT HOLDERS.—A bank shall provide the notice described in subsection (a) to each consumer, other than existing customers referred to in paragraph (1), at the time at which the customer relationship is initiated.
 - (3) Mode of delivery.—A bank may send the notices required by this subsection by United States mail or by any other means through which the consumer has agreed to receive account information.

(c) Model Language.—

- (1) In General.—No later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Board shall publish model forms and clauses that a depository institution may use to describe each of the elements required by subsection (a).
- (2) SAFE HARBOR.—A bank shall be treated as being in compliance with the requirements of subsection (a) if the bank's substitute check notice uses a model form or clause published by the Board and such model form or clause accurately describes the bank's policies and practices. A bank may delete any information in the model form or clause that is not required by this Act or rearrange the format.
- (3) Use of model language not required.—
 This section shall not be construed as requiring any

- 1 bank to use a model form or clause that the Board
- 2 prepares under this subsection.
- 3 SEC. 12. EFFECT ON OTHER LAW.
- 4 This Act shall supersede any provision of Federal or
- 5 State law, including the Uniform Commercial Code, that
- 6 is inconsistent with this Act, but only to the extent of the
- 7 inconsistency.
- 8 SEC. 13. VARIATION BY AGREEMENT.
- 9 (a) Section 7.—Any provision of section 7 may be
- 10 varied by agreement of the banks involved.
- 11 (b) No Other Provisions May Be Varied.—Except
- 12 as provided in subsection (a), no provision of this Act may
- 13 be varied by agreement of any person or persons.
- 14 SEC. 14. REGULATIONS.
- 15 (a) In General.—The Board may, by regulation,
- 16 clarify or otherwise implement the provisions of this Act
- 17 or may modify the requirements imposed by this Act with
- 18 respect to substitute checks to further the purposes of this
- 19 Act, including reducing risk, accommodating technological
- 20 or other developments, and alleviating undue compliance
- 21 burdens.
- 22 (b) Board Monitoring of Check Collection and
- 23 Return Process; Adjustment of Time Periods.—

1	(1) Monitoring of Check Collection and Re-
2	TURN PROCESS.—The Board shall monitor the extent
3	to which—
4	(A) original checks are converted to sub-
5	stitute checks in the check collection and return
6	process, and
7	(B) checks are collected and returned elec-
8	tronically rather than in paper form.
9	(2) Adjustment of time periods.—The Board
10	shall exercise the Board's authority under section
11	603(d)(1) of the Expedited Funds Availability Act to
12	reduce the time periods applicable under subsections
13	(b) and (e) of section 603 of such Act for making
14	funds available for withdrawal, when warranted.
15	(c) Publication of Schedule by Board for
16	CHECK Transportation Services.—Section 11A(b) of
17	the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 248a(b)) is amended—
18	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
19	(7);
20	(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
21	graph (9); and
22	(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
23	lowing new paragraph:
24	"(8) check transportation services; and".

1 SEC. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 2 This Act shall take effect at the end of the 18-month
- 3 period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,
- 4 except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act.

Union Calendar No. 67

108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1474

[Report No. 108-132]

A BILL

To facilitate check truncation by authorizing substitute checks, to foster innovation in the check collection system without mandating receipt of checks in electronic form, and to improve the overall efficiency of the Nation's payments system, and for other purposes.

June 2, 2003

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed